CE13+ Science Revision Checklist

Biology

- Cells and organisation
 - Structures of plant and animal cells
 - Roles of each organelle
 - 7 characteristics of life (MRSGREN)
 - Using microscopes and making slides
- Gas exchange systems
 - o Structure and adaptations of the lungs
 - How we breathe (inhale and exhale)
 - Structure of the circulatory system
 - How smoking affects the gas exchange system
 - o Effect of exercise on heart rate and breathing rate
- Cellular respiration
 - Equations for aerobic and anaerobic respiration in animals
 - Equation for anaerobic respiration in plants and yeast
- Reproduction in animals
 - Structures of the male and female reproductive systems
 - o Structures and adaptations of sperm and eggs cells
 - Fertilisation and the development of the fetus (including the function of the placenta and umbilical cord)
 - o Birth
 - Puberty in boys and girls
 - Stages of the menstrual cycle
- Nutrition and digestion
 - Names and functions of the substances required for a balanced diet (including examples of foods containing each substance)
 - \circ ~ The tests for starch and glucose
 - \circ $\;$ Experiment to determine the amount of energy in different foods
 - Structure of the digestive system (including adaptations of the small intestine and the role of enzymes)
- Health
 - o Effects of smoking on health
 - Examples of diseases caused by viruses and bacteria
 - o Reproduction of bacteria and factors affecting this (competition)
 - Human defences against pathogens (including the immune system)
- Relationships in an ecosystem
 - \circ ~ Food chains and food webs
 - The accumulation of toxic materials
 - o Pyramids of numbers and biomass
 - o Experiment to estimate the population of a species within an area (using quadrats)
 - Population curves
 - o Competition and its effects on population
 - \circ Conservation
- Variation, classification and inheritance
 - o Kingdoms and the characteristics of their cells

- Characteristics of:
 - Reptiles
 - Amphibians
 - Mammals
 - Birds
 - Fish
 - Insects
 - Spiders
- Adaptations of various organisms
- \circ Types of variation

Chemistry

- Atoms, elements and compounds
 - Diagrams for solids, liquids and gases
 - Properties of solids, liquids and gases (including movement, arrangement, intermolecular forces and energy)
 - o Diffusion and Brownian motion
 - Changes of state (including heating curves)
 - o Definitions for element, compound, molecule, mixture and atom
 - Chemical symbols for various elements, molecules and compounds (see Memory Workout for details)
 - Properties of metals/non-metals
 - $\circ \quad \text{The composition of air} \\$
- Pure and impure substances
 - o Filtration
 - Chromatography
 - o Distillation
 - o Crystallisation
 - o How to identify a pure/impure substance using melting/boiling points
 - Solubility
- Acids and alkalis
 - o pH scale
 - Indicators (including Universal Indicator, litmus paper and indicators made from plants)
- Chemical reactions
 - The difference between physical and chemical changes
 - These general equations:
 - Hydrocarbon + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water (complete combustion)
 - Hydrocarbon + (little) oxygen) → carbon monoxide + soot + water (incomplete combustion)
 - Metal + oxygen → metal oxide (oxidation)
 - (reactive) metal + water → metal hydroxide + hydrogen
 - Metal + acid → salt + hydrogen
 - Metal oxide + acid \rightarrow salt + water (neutralisation)
 - Metal hydroxide + acid → salt + water (neutralisation)
 - Metal carbonate + acid \rightarrow salt + water + carbon dioxide (neutralisation)
 - Metal carbonate \rightarrow metal oxide + carbon dioxide (thermal decomposition)
 - The type of salt formed by different acids:
 - Hydrochloric acid = _____chloride
 - Sulfuric acid = _____ sulfate
 - Nitric acid = _____ nitrate
 - Why incomplete combustion is a problem
 - o Displacement reactions (including recalling the reactivity series of metals)
 - Rusting (including how to prevent rusting)
 - Suck-back
- Gas tests
 - o Hydrogen
 - o Carbon dioxide

- o Water
- o Oxygen
- Environmental chemistry
 - Causes of pollution (including acid rain, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide)
 - \circ The water cycle
 - The greenhouse effect

Physics

- Equations •
 - $Pressure = \frac{force}{creat}$
 - area $Speed = \frac{distance}{distance}$
 - 0 time
 - *Moment* = *force* × *distance from pivot* 0
 - $\circ \quad Density = \frac{mass}{volume}$
 - Weight = mass × gravitational field strength
 - Units for all of the quantities above
- Energy •
 - Energy resources (including identifying renewable vs. non-renewable and giving advantages/disadvantages of each)
 - Energy stores and transfers
 - The law of conservation of energy (including the idea of dissipation to the surroundings)
- Motion and forces
 - Types of forces
 - Balanced forces (including identifying how we know that forces are balance constant velocity)
 - Friction and air/water resistance (including how to reduce these forces)
 - Distance-time graphs (including calculating speed)
 - Calculations
 - How a spring stretches (including reaching the elastic limit) 0
 - Springs in series and parallel •
 - Stopping distances 0
- Forces, rotation and pressure
 - Moments (including applications of moments)
 - Calculations
 - Pressure (including how it is used in everyday life) 0
 - Calculations
- Density
 - Calculations
 - Measuring density of regularly and irregularly shaped objects
 - Calculating volume
 - Floating and sinking
- Electric circuits
 - Symbols for electrical components (see Memory Workout)
 - Current in series and parallel circuits
 - The effect of resistance on current
 - Truth tables (including AND and OR circuits)
 - Relay circuits
 - Effect of light intensity on the resistance of an LDR
 - The use of fuses
 - The placement of LEDs (or diodes) in a circuit 0
- Magnetism/electromagnetism
 - Diagrams showing the shape of the magnetic field (for a bar magnet and an 0 electromagnet)

- Experiment to determine the shape of the magnetic field
- How to make an electromagnet
- \circ $\;$ How to change the strength of an electromagnet
- Space physics
 - \circ Time taken for:
 - Earth to spin on its axis
 - Moon to orbit Earth
 - Earth to orbit the Sun
 - o The order of the planets
 - Seasons
 - o Eclipses
 - Satellites (including their uses)
 - o The relative size of: a moon, a planet, a star, a solar system, a galaxy, the universe