# Revision Placemats CE13+ Science



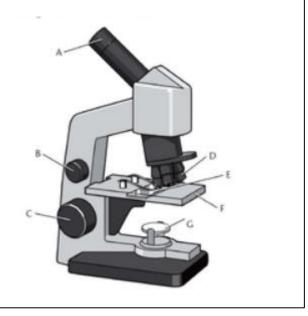
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changes			

### Cells and organisation

Draw an animal cell and label the 4 organelles.

Draw a plant cell and label the 7 organelles.

Label the diagram of the light microscope:



What are the functions of the following:
(Underline the organelles only found in
plants)

Chloroplasts

Nucleus

Mitochondria

Cell wall

Vacuole

Cell membrane

Cytoplasm

Which organelle, usually found in plant cells, would you not expect to see in an onion skin cell (or a root hair cell)?

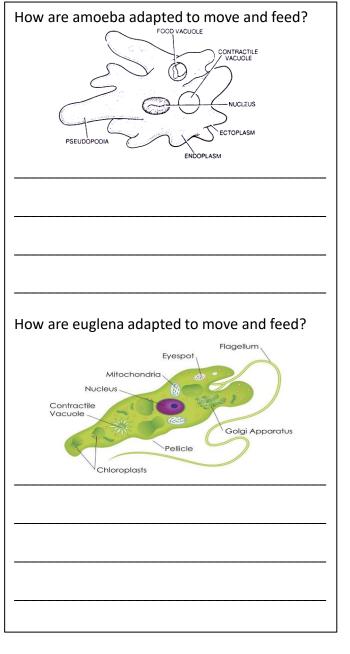
Why?

Write a method for preparing a microscope slide for observing onion cells. You should include a stain.

What is a stain used for?
·

Which stain is commonly used for animal cells?

Which stain is commonly used for plant cells?



What is the definition for diffusion?		
Complete the diagram below to show diffusion taking place.		
Explain why only fluids can diffuse.		
Which substances would you expect to diffuse into a cell?  1		
2		
Which substances would you expect to diffuse out of a cell?  1		
2		

Write a definition for each of the words below and give an example: Tissue Example: Organ Example in animals: Example in plants: Organ system Example in animals: Example in plants: Organism Example: Complete each word to give the seven characteristics of life:

Complete each word to give the seven characteristics of life:

M
R
S
G
R
E

## Gas exchange system Put these stages in order: Air is inhaled through the mouth and nose 1 and enters the lungs Oxygen is transported in the bloodstream to respiring cells Carbon dioxide diffuses out of respiring cells into the bloodstream Oxygen diffuses through the alveoli into the bloodstream Oxygen is used in aerobic respiration Carbon dioxide diffuses out of the bloodstream into the alveoli and is exhaled Oxygen diffuses out of the bloodstream into respiring cells Carbon dioxide is transported in the bloodstream to the lungs What is the difference between breathing and respiration? Breathing: Respiration:

Label the diagram below using these
words: Alveoli, trachea, bronchioles, intercostal
muscles, right bronchus, ribs, diaphragm
Complete the sentences by filling in the gaps:
gaps:  When we breathe in, the diaphragm and moves
gaps: When we breathe in, the diaphragm
gaps:  When we breathe in, the diaphragm and moves  This the pressure in the chest, causing air to be drawn into the
when we breathe in, the diaphragm and moves  This the pressure in the chest, causing air to be drawn into the lungs.
When we breathe in, the diaphragm and moves  This the pressure in the chest, causing air to be drawn into the lungs.  The intercostal muscles also,

By what process do gases pass through the walls of the alveoli?
Oxygen moves from the to the
Carbon dioxide moves from the
What are three ways in which the lungs are adapted for efficient gas exchange?
1
2
·
3

Write a method for measuring vital capacity.	This is a simple diagram of the heart in mammals, and in amphibians:
	BIRDS AND MAMMALS  What is the difference between the blood in the right side of the heart, and the left side of the heart in mammals?
From which type of tissue is the heart mostly made?	
What is the name for the type of blood vessel which transports blood away from the heart?	A frog's heart allows blood on the left and
What is the name for the type of blood vessel which transports blood towards the heart?	right side to mix. Why is this less efficient that a human heart?

Which three harmful chemicals can be found in cigarette smoke?

Harmful because...

2. Harmful because...

3. Harmful because...

Underline the false statements **and** edit them to make the statement true.

During exercise...

...the heart rate increases

...more oxygen is required for anaerobic respiration

...breathing rate decreases

Following exercise...

...the heart rate returns to zero

...we continue to breathe heavily to repay an oxygen debt

# Respiration Write the word equation for aerobic respiration in animals. Write the equation for anaerobic respiration in animals. Explain why, after strenuous exercise, a person's heart rate remains high. You should include a chemical equation in your answer. In which organelle does aerobic respiration take place? In which organelle does anaerobic respiration take place? Which type of respiration releases more energy from glucose?

Explain the shape of the graph for this 100 m runner. Suggest what the athlete may be doing at each point.	Lactic acid concentration in blood (srbitrary unit)  W	Graph B Time →	C

Complete the table below comparing aerobic and anaerobic respiration in animals.

Similarities	Differences

What is the chemical test for carbon dioxide?
Test:
Result:
Explain what will happen to the

Explain what will happen to the limewater in Bottle A and Bottle B.
air in soda lime air out
Bottle A: Lime water  Bottle B: Lime water
Bottle A:
Bottle B:

Write the word equation for anaerobic respiration in yeast (and other fungi).  What are two uses for yeast?  1.	A group of students investigated how the mass of glucose added to some yeast affected the mass of carbon dioxide which was given off.  Use the graph on the right to answer these questions:  Independent variable	Sue 8 20 grams of glucose  10 grams of glucose  10 grams of glucose
Explain why adding yeast to bread dough causes it to rise.	Dependent variable	Describe the difference between the lines. Why did both lines reach a maximum?
	Control variables	
Write a method to investigate how temperature affect Equipment:  - Gas syringe  - Stop clock  - Water baths  - Yeast  - Glucose solution  - Conical flask  - Balance  - Measuring cylinder	cts the rate of respiration in yeast.	How could you improve the reliability of your investigation?  Gas syringe  Layer of oil  Yeast in glucose solution

#### **Photosynthesis** Palisade cells: At what time of the day are stomata most likely to be open/closed? Why? Write the word equation for photosynthesis Guard cells: Label the diagram of the leaf using the labels in the next question. Which 3 factors are most likely to limit the Stomata: rate of photosynthesis? Upper/lower epidermis: Explain how the large surface area of Sketch a graph to show the relationship leaves makes them well adapted to between distance (from light source) and photosynthesising. rate of photosynthesis Rate of photosynthesis Explain why thin leaves allow more Describe the function of each part of the leaf: efficient photosynthesis. Spongy mesophyll: \_\_\_\_\_ Light intensity Waxy cuticle: In which organelle does photosynthesis What is the name of the green pigment take place? which absorbs light?

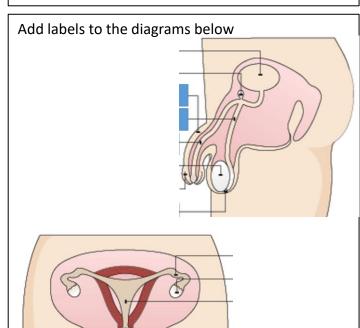
Write a method to investigate how the rate of photosynthesis is affected by light intensity.	What must be kept the same during the investigation?	Write a method to describe how a leaf can be tested for starch.
	How could the investigation be made more reliable?	
Stopwatch	What is a better method of measuring the amount of oxygen produced?	This method is repeated using a leaf which has been wrapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you expect to see?
Air bubbles containing oxygen  Lamp as light source	Why is photosynthesis important for life on Earth?  1.	What are two mineral ions required by plants?
What is the role of the xylem in plants?	2	1Used for
What is the role of the phloem in plants?	3	2

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_	
W	nis method is repeated using a leaf which has been rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you spect to see?
W	rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you
ex	rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you
w ex	rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you spect to see?
	rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you kpect to see?  /hat are two mineral ions required by plants?
	rapped in tin foil for 72 hours. What would you kpect to see?  /hat are two mineral ions required by plants?

Reproduction in plants	What is the difference between pollination and fertilisation?	Explain whether this flower is
Put these stages for reproduction in plants in order:	Pollination:	likely to be insect or wind pollinated.
Fertilisation		
Growth Germination	Fertilisation:	
Pollination		
Dispersal Dispersal	Suggest two methods of pollination:	
Label each part of the flower using the following words: Sepal, anther, stigma, style, ovary, filament, petal, ovule	2  Suggest two ways in which flowers pollinated by bees have adapted.	What is the name of the male gamete in plants? Where is this produced?
6666	1	What is the name of the female gamete in plants?  Where are these produced?  What must happen after pollination for
Which two parts make up the male part of the flower?	2	fertilisation to occur?
Which four parts make up the female part of the flower?	Why do wind pollinated flowers not grow in forests?	

Why is seed dispersal important?	Seeds are stored inside fruit. Explain why they need a hard coat, and how this helps with seed dispersal.	LAYER OF OIL
Suggest three methods of seed dispersal.  1		CRESS SEED MOIST COTTON WOOL  MOIST COTTON SEED  CRESS SEED  BOILED AND COOLED WATER
		TUBE A TUBE B
2		Explain which of these seeds you would expect to
3		germinate and which you would not expect to germinate.
Label each part of the germinating seed using the following labels: Seed coat, embryo root, embryo shoot, food store	Why do germinating seeds require a food store?	
Which three things are required by germinating seeds?	What happens after the food store has been used up?	
1		
2		
3		

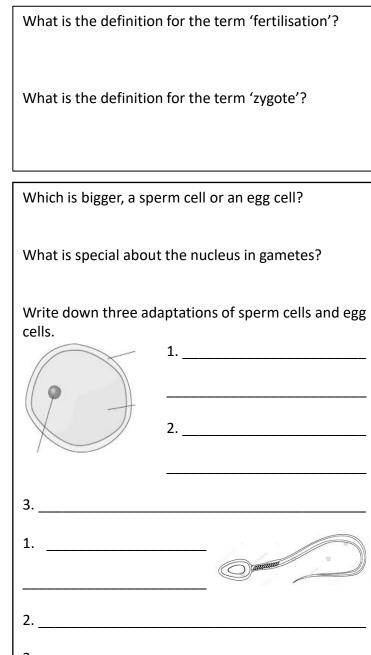
#### **Reproduction in animals**



What is the definition for the term 'gamete'?

What is the male gamete in mammals?

What is the female gamete in mammals?



Put the stages of the menstrual cycle

numa	-	is the gestation period	d in
	Animal	Gestation period (days)	
	Dog	61	
	Hamster	20	
	Elephant	645	
	Cow	286	
	Lion	108	
	th substances are tra	ansported from the	
		ansported from the	
moth		ansported from the	

Which substance is transported from the fetus to the mother?
By what process does the transfer of substances between the mother and fetus take place?
Suggest 2 chemicals which may be harmful to the development of the fetus.  1.
2.
Describe how one of these substances may reach the fetus. Use the diagram on the right to help you.

Which of these changes happens during puberty in boys? Which happens in girls?

Put a 'B' for boys and 'G' for girls.

Ovaries start to develop and release eggs

Voice deepens

Hips widen

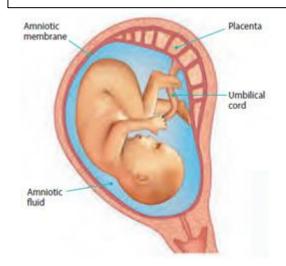
Breasts develop

Shoulders broaden

Hair starts to grow on body

Testes start to produce sperm

Sudden increase in height



Diet and nutrition	Starter: Carrot and coriander soup with buttered	Why would a marathon runner eat pasta before a race and jelly-babies during the	
State the function of each nutrient (or food group) in the body:	bread  Main:  Sausage and mashed potato with peas	race?	
Carbohydrates	Dessert: Lemon meringue pie with ice-cream		
Proteins	In the menu above, which foods are a good source of:		
Fats (lipids)	Carbohydrate	Which disease is caused by a lack of vitamin	
Fibre	Protein Fat (lipids)	C?	
Water	Fibre	Which disease is caused by a lack of calcium?	
Vitamin C (a vitamin)	Water Vitamin C		
Calcium (a mineral)	Calcium	Describe the food test for starch:  Test:	
What are the two main types of carbohydrate?	Why would a pregnant woman need to eat lots of protein?	Result:	
1		Describe the food test for glucose:	
2		Test:	
		Result:	

Match each organ with its function:	
Mouth	Stores feces before it is egested
Small intestine	Contains acid which kills bacteria and helps to break down food. Made of muscle to mechanically break down food.
Stomach	Removes excess water from food
Esophagus	Transports food from the mouth to the stomach
Rectum	Nutrients pass through the villi into the bloodstream, by diffusion.
Large intestine	Egests food
Anus	Contains teeth which mechanically break down food. Contains enzymes which chemically break down food.
	ine is lined with 'finger-like' projections called villi. What are three ch allow nutrients to diffusion quickly into the bloodstream?
	1.         2.         3.
	Mouth Small intestine Stomach Esophagus Rectum Large intestine Anus The wall of the small intest

What is the name of the enzyme found in the mouth which breaks down starch?

nealth and the skeleton
What are the three roles of the skeleton?
•
•
•
Which words is used to describe
Two muscles working in opposing pairs?
The shortening of muscle fibres?
The lengthening of muscle fibres?
Explain, using the diagram, how we bend and straighten our arm.  Biceps  Triceps Tendon

Haalth and the skaleton

What are the four types of pathogen (disease causing organisms)?	
•	
•	
•	

Give two examples of diseases caused by viruses:

•

•

Give two examples of diseases caused by bacteria:

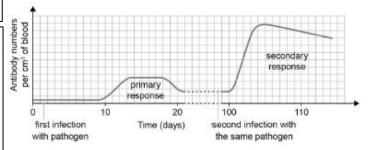
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Why can antibiotics not be used to treat the flu?

What is the function of white blood cells?

Use the graph at the bottom to explain why we cannot catch the same disease twice.



What are three diseases which can be caused by smoking?

•

•

•

Which organs are most affected by drinking alcohol?

•

•

Which diseases can be caused by a lack of exercise and eating too much fat/sugar?

•

•

Number of cigarettes smoked per day	Number of bronchitis cases per 100,000 people
1-5	5
6-10	11
11-15	17
16-20	31
21-25	32

MRSA is a disease which is caused by a bacterium. It spreads quickly in hospitals when people are close to each other and when they touch infected surfaces.

Month	Number of MRSA cases reported
November 2015	65
December 2015	68
January 2016	73
February 2016	56
March 2016	48
April 2016	35
Total	

Calculate the total number of cases during this time period.

Plot a **bar** graph of the data on the left.

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	П	$\perp$					П					П		П	П		П	П			$\mathbf{I}$	П				П			П	ш	$\perp$
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	П	$\perp$					П		П			П		П	П		П	П		П	Т	П				П			П	ш	_
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	Ц	_	$\perp$	_			Ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	$\perp$	Ц	$\perp$	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	$\perp$		Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	$\perp$	_		_	Ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	$\perp$	Ц	ш	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	ш		Ш	_	Ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	$\perp$	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	Ш	ш	_
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	Ц	_	ш		Ш	_	Ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	$\perp$	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	ш	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	щ	ш	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	$\perp$		Ш	_	Ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	$\perp$	ш	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	Ц	ш	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	ш	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	ш	ш	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
	Ц	_					Ш		ш		ш	Ш	_	ш	Ш	$\perp$	Ш	Ш	$\perp$	Ш	_	Ш	_	ш		Ц	$\perp$	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	ш	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	ш	ш	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	$\perp$	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	ш	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	Ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	ш	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	ш	ш	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
	Ц	_	$\perp$	_	Ш	_	ш	$\perp$	щ	$\perp$	ш	Ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	ш	_	ш	_	ш	_	ш	ш	Ц	ш	ш	ш	ш	_
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Describe the patterns shown in the data from November 2015 to April 2016.
Suggest an explanation for the pattern shown in the data.

What could be done to limit the spread of MRSA?

- •
- •
- •

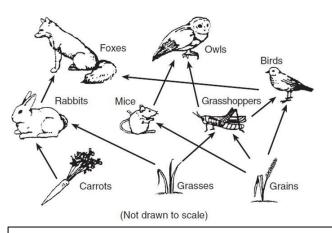
#### Relationships in an ecosystem

Suggest 3 resources that plants need to survive;

- •
- •

What is the definition for a
Habitat
Species

Draw a food chain which includes: A hawk, a mouse, a snake, grains



What is the impact on the food web of a disease killing all of the birds?

Where does all of the energy is a food chain ultimately come from?

Which of the organisms in the food web is a producer?

Which of the organisms in the food web is a predator?

Suggest 3 factors which may affect the population of tuna in the sea:

- •
- •
- •

In a food chain, not all of the energy is transferred from organism to organism. What are some of the sources of energy loss?

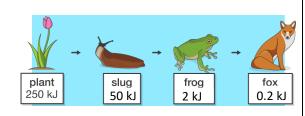
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Calculate the percentage energy transfer at each stage in the food chain.

Plant → slug:

Slug → frog:

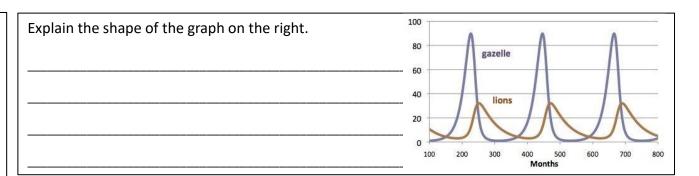
Frog  $\rightarrow$  fox:



How might the introduction of wolves (carnivores) to an ecosystem also affect the population of some plant species?						

Maria collected the following data by randomly placing a 1  $\text{m}^2$  quadrat it a 50 m x 60 m field. Calculate an estimate for the total number of flowers in the field.

Trial number	Number of flowers
1	10
2	4
3	11
4	7
5	6
6	9

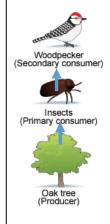


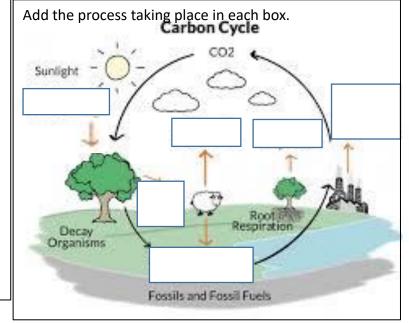
What is conservation?

Suggest 2 conservation activities that humans could do to increase biodiversity

- •
- •

Draw a pyramid of numbers for this food chain:





#### Variation, classification and inheritance

What are the five kingdoms?

What is a vertebrate?

What is an invertebrate?

Animal Plant **Fungus** cells cells cells Multicellular Nucleus Chloroplasts Cell wall Cell membrane Cytoplasm Vacuole

Add a tick to the appropriate boxes:

Has the animal got legs? Has it got wings? Has it got a shell? NO YES NO YES Has it got more Are the antennae than 8 legs? feathered? YES NO YES NO

· Have scales and dry skin Cold blooded Reptiles • Lays eggs in water Has scales and wet skin. Three main body parts **Amphibians**  6 legs Arthropods Mitochondria · Warm blooded Birds · Gives birth to live young · Feeds its young milk WILF: Use a key to identify an animal or plant • Two main body parts Fish 8 legs Arthropods · Cold blooded Insects Lays eggs in water • Doesn't have scales Warm blooded **Spiders** Lays eggs with hard shells Has feathers

Use the simple key on the right to sort out the organisms.

Match the description with the Class of animal

Mammals

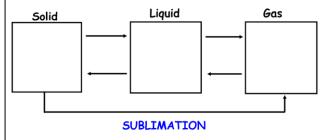
Cold blooded

Lay eggs with soft shells

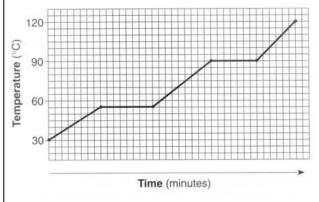
Wha	it is meant by t	he term '	variation'	?		During the industrial revolution, it was observed that the proportion of peppered moths which were black increased. Explain why this happened (hint: soot turns building black).	In what habitat do polar bears live?  How have polar bears adapted to their habitat?
then N H Ey N N N N N N	eral different ty n into the corre umber of scars eight ye colour lood type atural hair colo /hether you ca /eight air length	ect colum	ns in the t	e listed below. S cable.	Sort		•
	Continuous		Disconti	nuous			
							In what habitat do cacti live?
							How have cacti adapted to their habitat?
							•
							•
Ger	netic	Environ	mental	Both			
							•
							•
				<u> </u>			

#### Particulate nature of matter

Draw particles diagrams for each state of matter and add the names of the changes of state.



On the graph, label where the substance is a solid, a liquid and a gas.



What is the melting point?

What is the boiling point? \_\_\_\_\_

What is happening during a change of state?

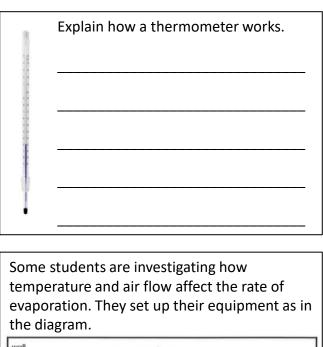
	Solid	Liquid	Gas
Arrangement			
Movement			
Intermolecular forces			

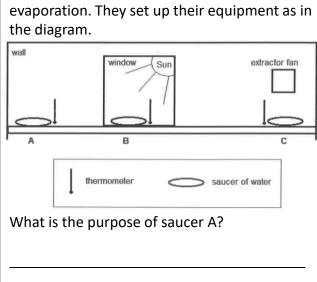
Explain why liquids and gases can flow, but solids cannot.


Explain why gases can be compressed, but solids and liquids cannot.

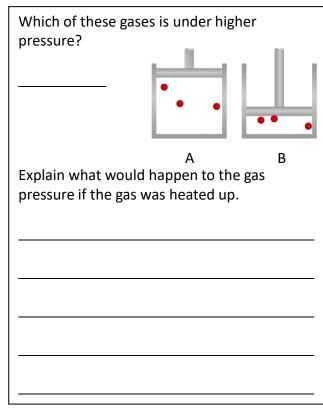
Substance	Melting point /°C	Boiling point /°C	State at 25°C	State at -50°C
Water	0	100		
Iron	1538	2862		
Mercury	-39	357		
Oxygen	-218	-183		
Bromine	-7	59		
Iodine	114	184		

Explain why ice floats in water.							





What would be the best way to measure the quantity of water which has evaporated?



Why did they use a saucer of water instead of a beaker?

What are some control variables?

•

When food colouring is added to water, it spreads out. What is this called? \_\_ What is the definition for this process? Explain what causes this process to take place.

Would this happen faster or slower if the particles in the food colouring had a larger mass?

Atoms, element and compounds		ubstances to both tables CH <sub>4</sub> , Ar, Br <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , Ne, CO	Name the compound:			
What is the definition for:	Element	Compound	1. CuSO <sub>4</sub> –			
Atom			2. FeO –			
			3. HCl –			
			4. CO <sub>2</sub> –			
Element			5. NaOH –			
	Atom	Molecule	6. AI(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> –			
Compound			Draw:			
·			A mixture of elements			
	Ca	Write the formula for this compound.				
Molecule	0 0	compound.	A pure compound			
Workedie	( <b>c</b> )	How many atoms are in				
	0	this compound?				
			A mixture of elements and compounds			
Mixture	What is the name of	f this compound?				

each substance.			
Sulfur	Graphite		
	Sulfur		

Complete the table with some of the physical properties of

What is the definition for a physical change?
What is the definition for a chemical change?
<del></del>
- <del></del> -
What are some signs that a chemical reaction is taking place?

#### Put a tick in the correct box for each example

	•	
Description of change	Physical	Chemical
Cooking an egg		
Dissolving sugar in water		
Melting wax		
Respiration		
Lighting a match		
A towel drying		
Separating inks using chromatography		

Which three factors affect the rate at which a substance will dissolve?

•

•

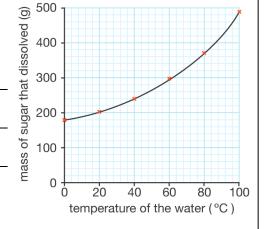
•

In the graph below, what mass of sugar will dissolve in water at 64°C?

Use the graph to answer these questions:

1. Describe the results in the graph

2. Explain the results in the graph.



# Pure and impure substances What is the definition for a pure substance? What is the definition for a mixture? 2000 m 1500 10 bo Which of these graphs shows a mixture melting? \_\_\_\_\_ W Explain your answer. de W su Which of these would melt across a range of temperatures? iron, bronze, tin, steel melted?

Write 'pure' or 'mixture' in the second column.		Vhich of these sub	stances is soluble in water?
Distilled water		Substance	Soluble in water?
Coke		Sand	
Table salt		Sugar	
Fruit salad		Instant coffee	
Sea water		Flour	
Coffee		Tea leaves	
Diamond		Table salt	
5 grams of salt is added to 20 g of water. What mass of salt water is formed?  g  100 g of ice is heated until it melts and finally boils. What mass of steam is formed?  g  Which concept do both of these examples demonstrate?	d	Vhat is the name unhich the substance	sed for the substance which  sed for the substance into e dissolves?  a solution of salt and water. red circles to represent the
What happens to the volume of most substances when they are heated?			
Which substance does the opposite when it is			

ı				
	Substar	nce	Soluble in wa	ater?
	Sand			
	Sugar			
	Instant	coffee		
	Flour			
	Tea leav	/es		
	Table sa	alt		
- - -	vhich the	substance diss	for the substar solves? ution of salt an ircles to repres	nd water.

Which method of separation would you use to separate		What is the name of this method of	of separation?
Mixture	Method of separation		thermometer
The iron from a mixture of sand and iron		Give an example of a mixture which	ch could be separated using
The water in an ink solution		this method.	flask ink tripod with
The different coloured food dyes in skittles		Which two processes take place d	uring this method of
The flour in a mixture of flour and water		separation?	heat-resistant mat iced water
The water in a mixture of salt and water			by p be improved? Explain your answer.
The sugar in a mixture of sugar and water			
The raisins in a mixture of raisins and flour			
What is the name of this method o	f separation?	Explain how this method of separation works.	Explain why the gas exchange tube must be removed from the test tube <b>before</b> you stop heating.
Label the diagram using the words: Filtrate, residue, suspension			
Give an example of a mixture which could be separated using this method.			

What is the name of this method of separation?		What is the name of this method of separation?	
Give an example of a minus which could be separate this method.		Give an example of a mixture which could be separated Using this method.	
Give two reasons that y solution until it is dry.	ou should not continue heating salt	How many coloured dyes does ink 'X' contain?	
•		Use an arrow to point to the most soluble dye.	
•		How do you know that this is the most soluble?	
		Explain why the line is drawn in pencil.	
Air is a mixture of gases			
Gas	Abundance in air /%		
Oxygen	78		
Argon		Explain why the dyes move up the paper?	
Other trace gases	0.04		
Suggest how the gases i	n air could be separated:		
		Water is usually used as the solvent. Suggest two alternative solvents which could be used:	
		or	

Write a method (including a diagram for each stage), describing how to separate a mixture of:				
Salt, sand, iron powder, high density wooden chips and low density wooden chips				

Chemical reaction	ns		Magnesium metal is heated in a crucible. A white powder is formed.	Oxygen is an example of a non-metal. Other non-metals can also react with metals.
What is the definition for	or a chemic	al change?		
			Write a word equation for this reaction.	Complete these word equations:
			What is the name for this type of reaction?	Iron + chlorine →
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Gallium + sulfur →
What is the definition for	or a physica	I change?		Lead + → lead bromide
			The mass of the crucible is measured before and after the reaction. What will have	Titanium I nitragan
			happened to the mass?	Titanium + nitrogen →
Complete the table hale				What is the name for this piece of scientific
Complete the table belo		Character I		equipment?
Description of change	Physical	Chemical	Explain your answer.	
Ice melting			<del></del>	Mark, with an 'x', the hottest
Super-glue drying				part of the flame.
				How would you change this from a roaring blue
Separating sand and water by filtration				flame to a safety flame?
Burning fuel in a car			Complete these word equations:	
Fruit ripening			Copper + oxygen →	
			Tin + → tin oxide	Why is a safety flame used when not heating?
Photosynthesis			+ oxygen → lithium oxide	
Tearing a piece of				
paper in half			Nitrogen + oxygen →	•

Complete the general equation:	What is the chemical test for water?
Hydrocarbon + oxygen → +	Test:
What is the name for this type of reaction?	Positive result:
	Or
Complete these word equations:	Test:
Methane + oxygen → +	Positive result:
Petrol + oxygen → +	What is the chemical test for oxygen?
Propane + oxygen → +	Test:
If there is insufficient oxygen, different products are formed.	Positive result:
Complete the general equation for incomplete combustion:	Tositive result.
Hydrocarbon + oxygen → + + +	What is the chemical test for carbon dioxide?
Two of these products can be harmful. Explain why.	Test:
Product:	Positive result:
Harmful because	What is the chemical test for hydrogen?
	Test:
Product:	Positive result:
Harmful because	

Complete the general equation:	When potassium permanganate is heated, which gas is given off?
Metal carbonate →+	
What is the name for this type of reaction?	Write a word equation for the rusting of iron:
metal carbonate	
Bursen burner clamp stand lime water	Explain what you would expect to happen to each of the iron nails in the experiment.  Tube A:
Complete these word equations:	Tube B:
Copper carbonate →++	Tube C:
Calcium carbonate →+	Adding zinc to iron can prevent rusting. What is this method of called?
Lithium carbonate →++  What colour is copper carbonate?	Explain why this prevents rusting.
What colour is the solid product in the first equation?	
Why must the gas exchange tube be removed from the liquid before the heating is stopped?	Painting iron can also prevent rusting. Explain how this works.
What will happen to the mass of the solid in the test tube whilst it is being heated?	Explain which method is better.

Write a word equation for the rusting of iron:
++
Explain what you would expect to happen to each of the iron nails in the experiment.
Tube A: Oil Dry air
Tube B:
Tube C:
Adding zinc to iron can prevent rusting. What is this method of protection called?
Explain why this prevents rusting.
Painting iron can also prevent rusting. Explain how this works.
Explain which method is better.

would take.	wet iron wool
	column of air
	water
	_

	Copper sulfate	Magnesium sulfate	Zinc sulfate	Calcium sulfate
Copper	×	×	×	X
Magnesium	<b>✓</b>	×	<b>✓</b>	×
Zinc	<b>✓</b>	×	×	×
Calcium	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	×

What is the name for this type of reaction?


Use the results in the table to write a reactivity series for these four metals:
Most reactive:
Least reactive:
Write a word equation for one of the reactions which did take place.
++++++
What will you <b>see</b> when copper sulfate solution reacts with iron metal?
•
•
This type of reaction is often used to extract metals from their ores. Which non-metal is most frequently used to do this?
Copper oxide + → copper +
Which substance has been oxidised?
Which substance has been reduced?
Why can aluminium not be extracted from its ore using this method?
Why does gold not need to be extracted from an ore using this method?

Complete the general equation:	Complete the general equation:
(reactive) metal + water → +	acid + base →+
Complete the word equations:	What is the name for this type of reaction?
Lithium + water → +	
Sodium + water → +	All of the reactions below are the reaction between an acid and a base.
Potassium + water →+	Complete the general equations:
Describe what will be <b>seen</b> during the reaction of potassium with water.	Acid + metal oxide → +
	Acid + metal hydroxide $\rightarrow$ +
Reactions with acids produce salts. You need to know about three acids:	Acid + metal carbonate ->++
Hydrochloric acid - formula: salt formed: metal	Complete the word equations:
Sulfuric acid – formula: salt formed: metal	Hydrochloric acid + copper oxide → +
Nitric acid – formula: salt formed: metal	Nitric acid + magnesium hydroxide → +
Complete the general equation:	Sulfuric acid + tin carbonate → + + +
metal + acid → +	Iron carbonate + nitric acid → + + + +
Complete the word equations:	Lithium hydroxide + sulfuric acid → +
Copper + sulfuric acid → +	Calcium oxide + hydrochloric acid → +
Iron + nitric acid → +	If equal amounts of acid and base are reacted together, what will the pH of the solution be?
Magnesium + hydrochloric acid → +	

This reaction often comes up in Common Entrance exams.	Air pollution
Complete the word equation:	State three things which human do which causes carbon dioxide to be given out to the atmosphere.
Copper oxide + sulfuric acid → +	•
Copper oxide is an example of a	
Copper oxide is insoluble.	
Copper sulfate is soluble.	It is important to have some carbon dioxide in the atmosphere, but too much carbon dioxide causes
Excess (too much) copper oxide is added to the sulfuric	dioxide eduses
acid. Explain why.	What negative effects does this have on the planet?
	•
	•
Which three substances are in the beaker now?	•
•	Explain why burning fossil fuels causes acid rain.
•	
How can the excess copper oxide be removed?	
How can the dissolved copper sulfate be separated from the water?	What negative effects does acid rain have?
What colour will the copper sulfate crystals be?	When metal oxides dissolve in water, they produce solutions.
	When non-metal oxides dissolve in water, they produce solutions.

Fill in the boxes			Write a method describing how to make and test an
Complete the table.	4 5 6 7 8 9	10 11 12 13 14	indicator using red cabbage
Complete the table:		Cala a haatta' aaal	
Substance	Approximate pH	Colour when Universal Indicator is added	
Pure water			
Bicarbonate of soda			
Hydrochloric acid			
Orange juice			
Drain cleaner			
	t can be used to determine to the can be used to determine the	the pH more accurately? better than Universal Indicator.	
What is a disadvantage of	this piece of equipment?		What is a disadvantage of using red cabbage as an indicator?
Red litmus paper turns	in acids and	in alkalis.	
Blue litmus paper turns	in acids and	in alkalis.	

Energy resources	What is the definition for a renewable energy resources?	What is an advantage of using solar power instead of burning coal to generate electricity	
What is the definition for a non-renewable energy resource?			
	Write the name of the energy resources next to its definition.	What is a disadvantage of using solar power instead of burning coal to generate electricity?	
Give four examples of non-renewable energy resources.	Energy generated from the light of the sun		
•	Energy generated from burning wood or other recently living		
• Describe how fossil fuels are formed.	things  Energy generated from the  wind	Describe the energy transfers in hydroelectric power.	
	Energy generated using water flowing downhill		
	Energy generated using hot rocks to heat up water		
How is electricity generated from fossil fuels?	Energy generated using the tides to turn turbines	Why are biofuels described as 'carbon-neutral'?	
	Energy generated using waves		
	What is the ultimate source of almost all energy on Earth?		

### **Energy stores and transfers**

What is the unit for energy?
<del></del>
What is the law of conservation of energy?

#### Complete the table:

Energy store	Examples
	Food, batteries, matches
	Charges moving in a circuit
Thermal	
	Someone shouting
Light	
Kinetic	
Elastic (strain)	
	Climbing a ladder
	Magnets attracting/repelling
	The sun

What is the energy transfer in each of thes	se examples?
A lamp turning on:	
Useful energy transfer:	<b>→</b>
Wasted energy transfer:	_ <del></del>
Explain why an LED lamp is more efficient	than a standard lamp.
An apple falling from a tree and then hittir	ng the ground:
>	<del>-</del>
A Bunsen burner being lit:	
>	
A battery operated radio turning on:	
>	>
Bungee jumping:	
>	>
Some energy is always dissipated during a what this means and where the energy go	n energy transfer (it is never 100% efficient). Explain es.

#### Forces and motion

What is the equation which links speed, distance and time?

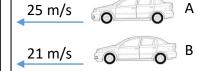
If a car travels 2000 m in 100 s, calculate the speed.

If an athlete runs at a speed of 5 m/s. How far will she run in one minute?

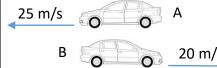
A train travels at a average speed of 30 m/s. How long will it take to travel 5 km?

Write a method for determining the speed of a car travelling along the road? Include the equipment that you would use.		

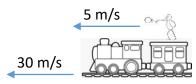
Two cars are travelling in the same direction. Calculate the speed of car A relative to car B.

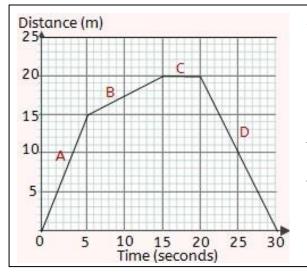


Two cars are travelling in opposite directions. Calculate the speed of car A relative to car B.



A boy stands on the roof of a moving train and throws a ball. Calculate the speed of the ball relative to the ground.





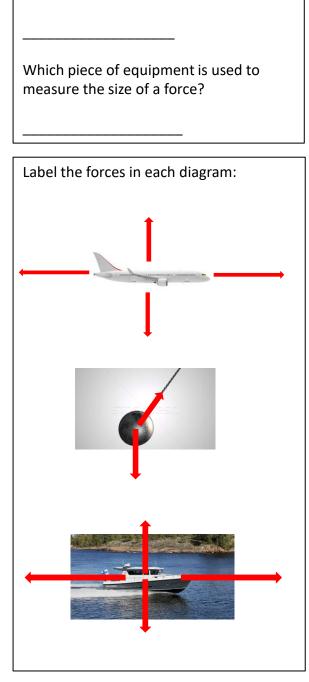
At which point in the graph is the object travelling the fastest? \_\_\_\_\_

Calculate the object's speed during section 'B' of the graph.

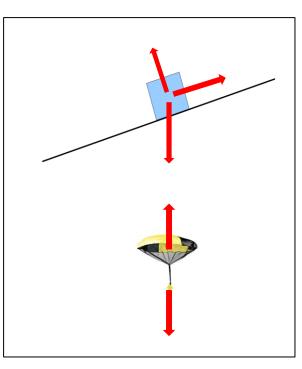
Describe the motion of the object throughout its journey.

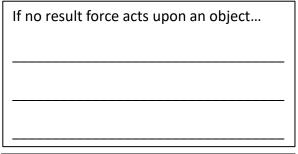
\_\_\_\_\_

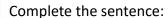
Calculate the average speed of the object during the first 20 seconds of its journey.



What is the unit for force?

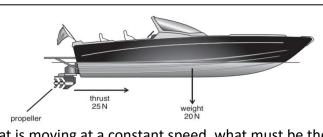






A resultant force acting upon an object causes a change in the:

Or



If the boat is moving at a constant speed, what must be the size of the drag force?

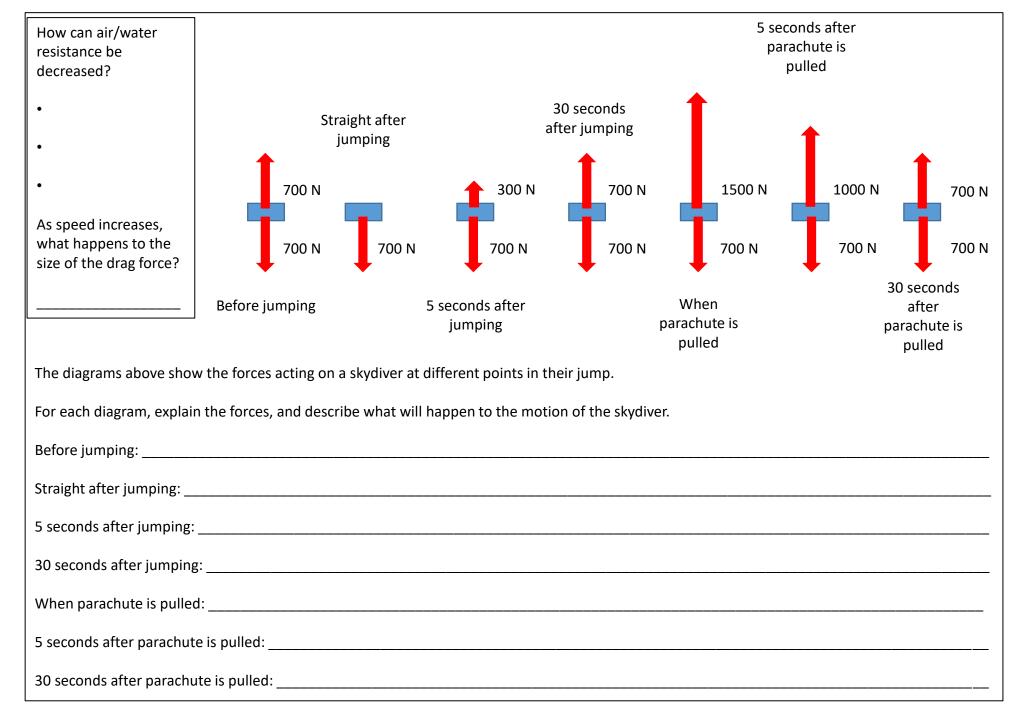
If the boat is floating, what must be the size of buoyancy?

The engine is turned off whilst the boat is still moving forward. Draw a new diagram to show the forces acting on

the boat now.

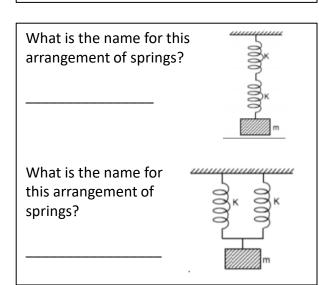
Explain what will happen to the motion of the boat.

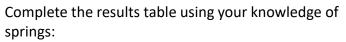
How can friction be reduced?



Hooke's law describes how the extension of a spring changes when a force is applied.

For a single spring, if the force doubles, the extension will .





	Extension (cm)		
Force (N)	Single spring	2 springs in series	2 springs in parallel
0	0	0	0
1	5		
2			
3			
4			
5			
6	30		
7	37		
8	49		

50 40 30 20	
30	
40	
50	
60	

- Using the data in the table, add axis labels to the graph.
- Plot all 3 sets of data on the same graph (include a key)

Describe the results in the graph.		
<del></del>		
Use the graph to estimate the extension of the single spring when the force is 7.4 N.		
Show your working on the graph.		
cm		
Miles de catha dete cat abos Unalisia la comba		

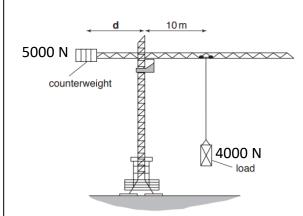
Why does the data not obey Hooke's law wh the force is too large?	en

#### **Forces and rotation**

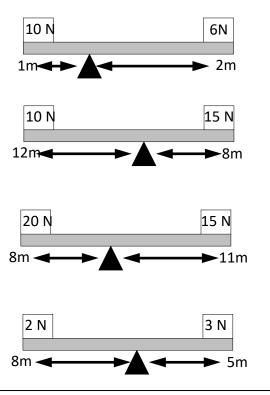
What is the equation which links turning moment, force and distance from pivot?

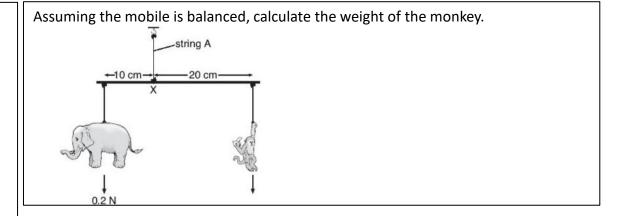
If a see-saw is balanced, what do you know about the clockwise and anticlockwise moments?

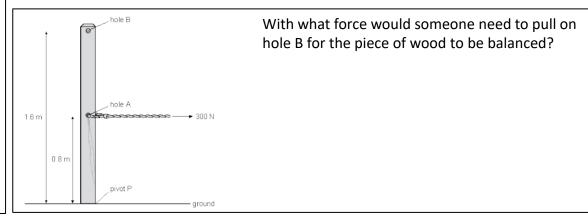
Assuming the crane is balanced, calculate the distance of the counterweight from the pivot.



Calculate the clockwise and anticlockwise moment in each example. Which direction will each see-saw tip?







#### Forces and pressure

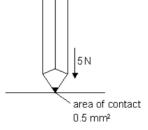
What is the equation which links pressure, force and area?

What are the units for force?

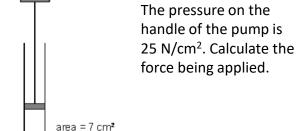
What are the units for area? \_\_\_\_\_

What are the units for pressure?

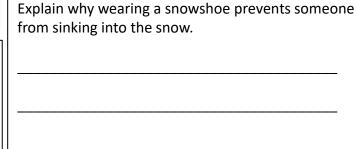
Calculate the pressure of the pencil on the table.



An arrow hits a target with a force of 200 N. The pressure of the arrow on the target is 125 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the area of the arrowhead.



The pressure on the handle of the pump is



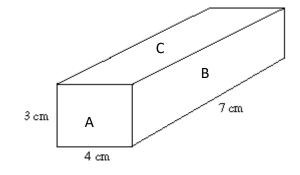


Calculate the pressure of each side if it were touching the floor. The weight of the block is 120 N.

A:

B:

C:



Give an example of an object which is designed to exert a high pressure.

Give an example of an object which is designed to exert a low pressure.

Explain why standing on a single nail is painful, whilst standing on many nails is not painful.



#### **Density**

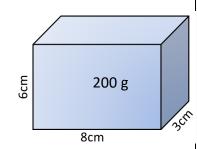
What is the equation which links density, volume and mass?

What are the units for mass?

What are the units for volume? \_\_\_\_\_

What are the units for density?

Calculate the density of the block.



A block of wood has a mass of 5 kg and a density of 1.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup>. Calculate the volume. (Hint: check the units)

A beaker of an unknown liquid has a density of 0.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> and a volume of 100 cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the mass?

Complete the table to show whether the substance will float or sink in water.

Object	Density (g/cm³)	Floats in water?
Water	1	
Iron bar	7.9	
Balloon filled with air	0.001	
Cork	0.24	
Cooking oil	0.91	
Concrete	2.4	

Explain why ice floats in water.

Describe a method for measuring the density of an irregularly shaped rock. Include the equipment that you will use.

The density of air can be measured using this equipment.

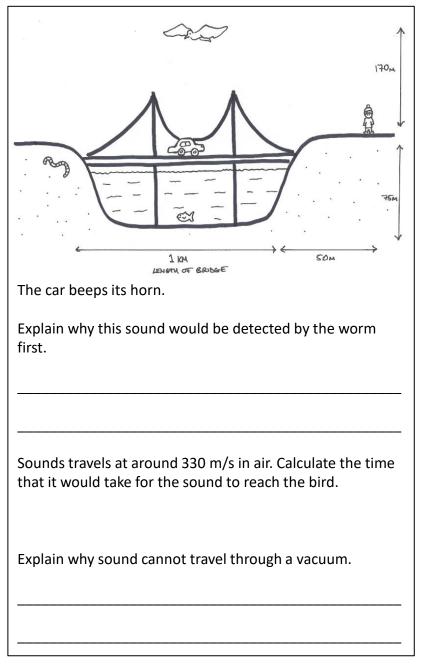
tap open tap closed tap closed

before air removed
What is the mass of air in the flask?

How could you find the volume of air inside the flask?

\_\_\_\_\_

How does a sound wave change when the volume is increased?	What is the definition for the term 'frequency'?
How does a sound wave change when the pitch is increased?	
1. 2. 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	What are the units for frequency?
Describe sounds 1, 2 and 3. Use key terms: high/low pitch, loud/quiet.	What is the approximate range of frequencies which can be heard by humans?
1	to
2	What causes an echo?
3	
What is the effect of changing the following on a guitar?	
Shortening the string	
Having a thicker string	
Tightening the string	
Describe how the sound made by a mobile phone ringing is hea	rd.
	How does a sound wave change when the pitch is increased?  1. 2. 3.   Describe sounds 1, 2 and 3. Use key terms: high/low pitch, loud/quiet.  1

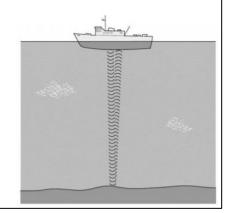


Write a method, describing langles of the control o	how the speed of sound in air could be measured. you will need.
	<del></del>
Syntain why lightoning is	Echolocation can be used to work out how far

Explain why lightening is seen before thunder is heard.

Why is it a problem to hear very loud sounds?

Echolocation can be used to work out how far away an object is. A ship sends out a 'ping' and the echo is detected 2 seconds later. If the speed of sound in sea water is 1533 m/s, how far away is the bottom of the sea?



#### What is the law of reflection? Match the diagram with the key word. Light Transparent Give examples of luminous objects: Natural: \_\_\_\_\_ Translucent Draw a diagram to show this below. You Artificial: \_\_\_\_\_ should label any relevant angles. Opaque Give examples of non-luminous objects: Use these key words to define each type of object: transmit, absorb, reflect, scatter Transparent: \_\_\_\_\_ Explain how we are able to see non-luminous objects. Light rays should always be drawn using a \_\_\_\_\_ and should include Examples: to show the direction. Light travels from the \_\_\_\_\_ to the Translucent: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Explain why the image appears distorted when a stone is thrown into the lake. You may want Examples: Complete the diagram below to explain why to include a diagram. the image of the tree appears beneath the water. You do not need to draw the sun. Opaque: \_\_\_\_\_ Examples:

Draw a diagram of a periscope. You should include an object and an eye.	Complete the diagram, showing what happens when the light enters and glass block and what happens when it leaves the glass block.	Complete the diagram showing what happens to white light when it is shone through a glass prism.  What is this effect called?  Explain what causes this effect.
At what angle should the mirrors be?  Label any relevant angles on your diagram.	Label any relevant angles on your diagram.	
Education reference angles on your diagrams	Education of the control of the cont	
Light travels fastest in a	Complete the diagram, showing what happens when light enters a pinhole camera.	To which human organ can this be compared?
When light enters a more dense medium, it		
This causes the ray of light to		What would be the effect on the image of:  Moving the object further away?
·		Making the pinhole larger?
This is called		

#### **Electric circuits**

Draw the circuit symbol for each component.			
Lamp	Cell	Battery	Fixed resistor
Diode	SPST switch	LDR	Buzzer
Ammeter	Reed switch	Variable resistor	Fuse
Motor	LED		

Draw a series circuit containing 2 cells, 2 lamps and an SPST switch.

Draw a parallel circuit containing 2 cells, 2 lamps and an SPST switch in each branch.

would you expect the bulbs in the series or parallel circuit to be brighter?	0.4 A Y A Z
What would be the effect of adding an extra cell to the circuit?	X = Y =
Explain why this would happen.	Z =  Explain why the ammeter reading is smaller in the bottom part of the circuit.
What would be the effect of adding an extra lamp to the series circuit?	
Explain why this would happen.	
What is the purpose of a fuse?	How does a fuse work?

Draw an AND circuit with a cell, an LED and two SPST switches.	Why will an LED not turn on if it is placed the wrong way around in a circuit?	What is the energy transfer in the circuit below?
		M
Give an example of where an AND circuit would be used.	A A A	→→
	(A)	What is the current in the circuit below?
Draw an OR circuit with a cell, an LED and two SPST switches.	B 1 2 C 2	Explain your answer
	Complete the Truth table below for this circuit.	
Give an example of where an OR circuit would be used.	Switch A Switch B Switch C Bulb 1 Bulb 2 Open Open Open Open Closed Open Closed Open Open Closed Closed Closed Open Open Closed Open Closed Open Open Closed Open Closed Closed Open Closed Closed Closed Open Closed Closed Closed Closed Closed Closed	What is the mistake in this circuit?
		T

Add a line to the graph below to show the effect of light intensity on the resistance of an LDR.	Describe how a relay circuit works. A diagram will help.
Resistance  Light Intensity	
Describe the relationship between light intensity and resistance in an LDR.	
Explain what will happen to the brightness of the LED when the circuit is put into a dark cupboard.	Explain how a relay circuit could be used in a burglar alarm.
	In an investigation using batteries, which component would it be best to use to change the current?

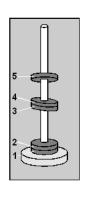
Describe how a pupil could investigate the effect of the material from which a wire is made on the resistance in a circuit.  You should include a diagram in your answer.	What is the independent variable?  What is the dependent variable?	What happens to components (and wires) when the current is high?
	What are some control variables?	Why should the circuit be switched off before the wire is changed?
	•	What could be done to improve the reliability of the results?
	Draw the results table that you would use to collect your data.	
		Does it matte where the ammeter is placed in the circuit? Explain your answer.
	What sort of graph would you plot to display your data?	
	because	

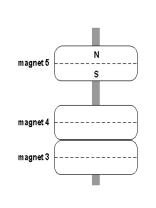
## Magnetism and electromagnetism

Which 3 elements can be magnetised?

- •
- •
- •

Complete the diagram on the right to show where the north and south poles on magnets 3 and 4 are.





Describe what will happen to the magnets in these situations:

S N

S N

S N

N S

N S

S N

Draw the shape of the magnetic field around this bar magnet. Don't forget the direction!

Write a method describing how the shape of the magnetic field around a bar magnet can be determined. You may include a diagram.

If you have a known magnet, what is the only true test for another magnet?

For a bar magnet, where is the magnetic field strongest?

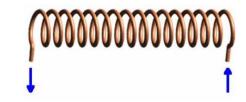
How is this shown with the magnetic field lines?

Why does a compass point north on Earth?

Describe how to make an electromagnet.	The equipment on	
	the right is set up	
	and the	spring —— R E
	electromagnet	86 27
	is switched on.	——— stand
		iron rod 61
	What would you	rod 61 81 19 20
	expect to happen	pointer
	when the	5. 4. 5.
	electromagnet is	ruler
	switched on?	01 6
		t 9
		electromagnet
		2 2 3
	Explain what would I	happen if the rod was
	made of copper inste	
Which three factors will affect the		
strength of an electromagnet?		
strength of an electromagnet:		
•		
•	Would changing the	
	current affect the inv	resugation: Explain
•	your answer.	
Which component can be used to change		
the current in a circuit?		

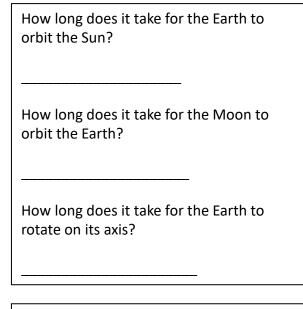
Explain how electromagnetic door hold that shown in the picture) work. You s explanation of how the door can be cloautomatically.	hould include an

Draw the shape of the magnetic field in an electromagnet.

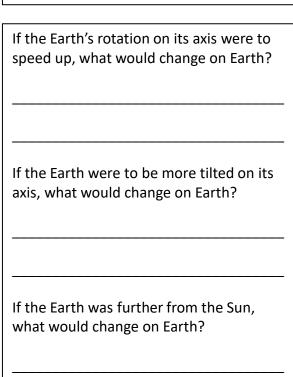


# Space Approximately what shape are the Earth, Sun and Moon? Put these in order of size (smallest first). Sun Solar system Moon Milky Way Jupiter Universe On the diagram, shade where it night. Explain what causes day and night.

Give two examples of non-luminous objects in space.
•
Give an example of a luminous object in space.
Explain how we are able to see one of the non-luminous objects on Earth.



What season is it in the UK in the diagram?		
not to scale  Sun		
Explain your answer.		
Put an 'x' on the Earth to show somewhere on Earth hat it is a winter's day.		



Draw the position of the Moon when a full moon is seen on Earth.	What is the unit used for measuring distances in space?		What is a galaxy?
Earth	What is the defi	nition for this unit?	What is the equation which links weight, gravitational field strength and mass?
			What are the units for mass?
Draw the position of the Moon during a solar ecl	ipse.	Explain why Jupiter's	What are the units for weight?
	not to scale	gravitational field strength is much larger than Earth's.	What are the units for gravitational field strength?
Earth			The gravitational field strength on Earth is approximately 10 N/kg.
		Jupiter is further from the Sun than the Earth. Would	A piece of wood has a mass of 4 kg. Calculate its weight on Earth.
Add rays of light to show this eclipse and mark, v	vith an 'v'	you expect a year on Jupiter to be longer or	
where a total solar eclipse would be seen on Earl	· ·	shorter than a year on Earth?	The same piece of wood weighs 4.8 N on the
Draw the position of the Moon during a total lun rays of light to show this eclipse.	ar eclipse. Add	because	Moon. What is the gravitational field strength on the Moon?
Earth			On Venus, a hamster weighs 0.176 N. The gravitational field strength on Jupiter is 8.8 N/kg. What is the mass of the hamster in grams?
			g